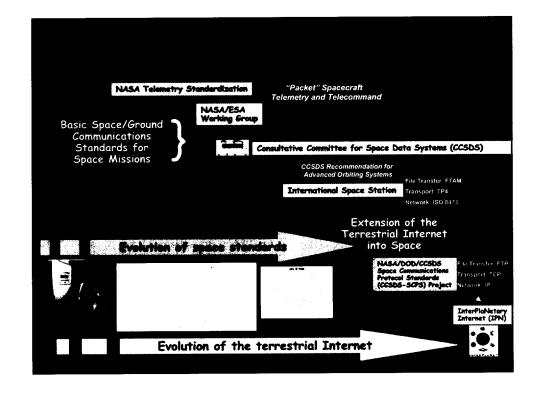
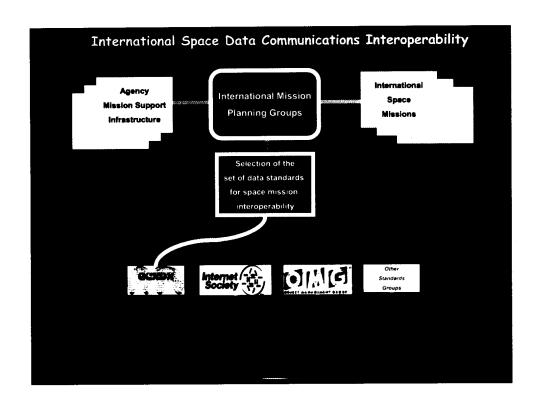
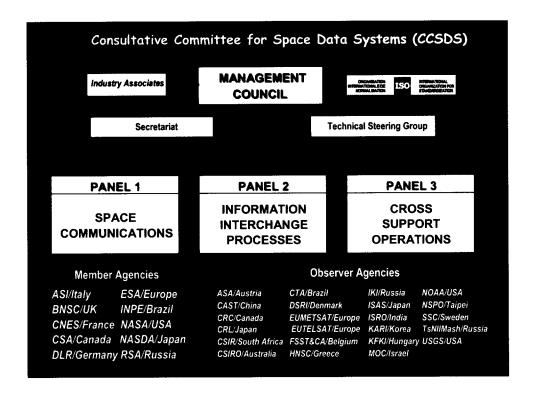
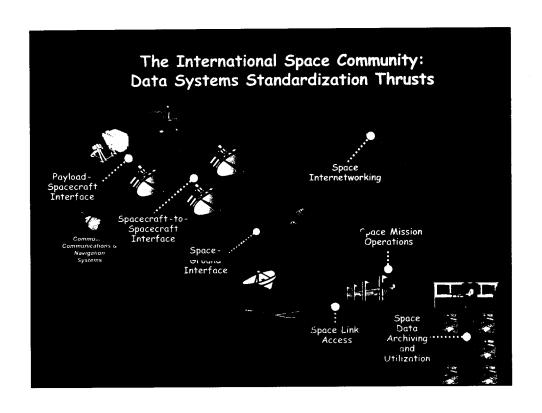
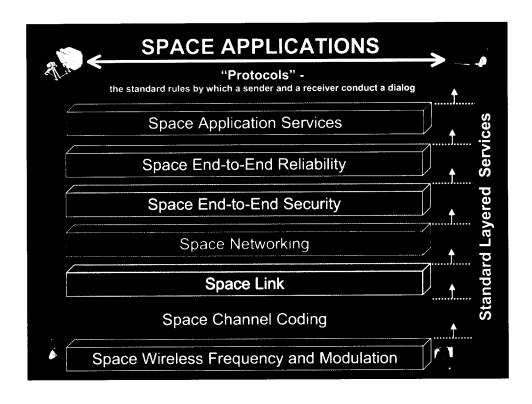
## The Interplanetary Internet: a communications infrastructure for Mars exploration S. Burleigh, Jet Propulsion Laboratory, Pasadena, CA, USA V. Cerf, WorldCom Inc., Loudon, VA, USA R. Durst, MITRE Corporation, Reston, VA, USA K. Fall, Intel Research, Inc., Berkeley, CA, USA A. Hooke, Jet Propulsion Laboratory, Pasadena, CA, USA K. Scott, MITRE Corporation, Reston, VA, USA H. Weiss, Sparta Inc., Columbia, MD, USA

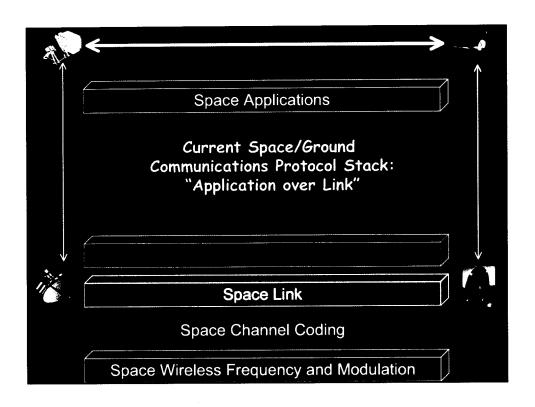


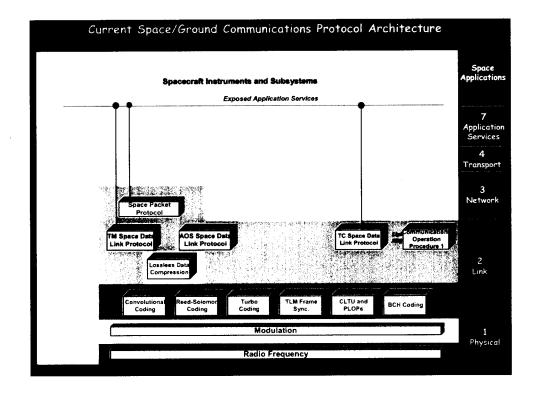


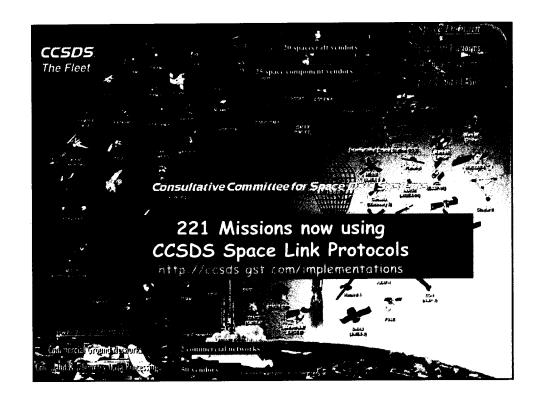






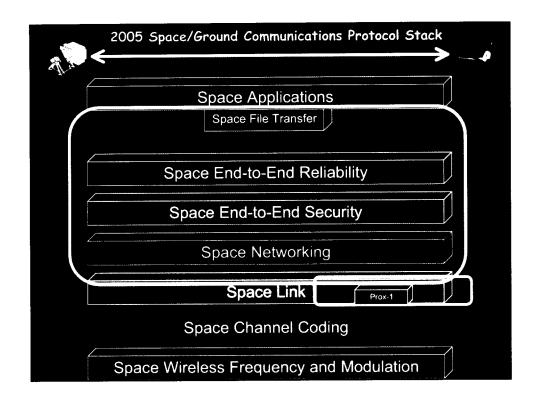


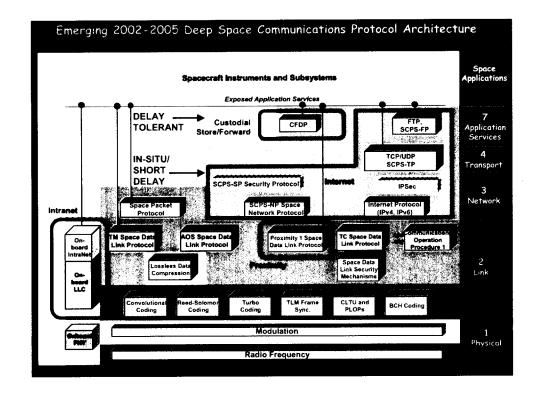




## The Next Few Years

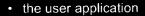
- In the next few years (2002-2005) we will evolve and migrate to add:
  - 1. A new flavor of CCSDS space link protocol for communicating at short range, e.g., between spacecraft in a constellation or between Mars orbiters and surface assets
    - CCSDS "Proximity 1" protocol
  - 2. A more networked set of upper layer standards:
    - <u>CCSDS File Delivery Protocol</u> (CFDP) for disconnected environments
      - Long delays, episodic connectivity
      - Custodial store-and-forward mode
      - Most missions will use this for routine space/ground data hauling
    - Internet suite for richly connected in-situ environments
      - Short delays, stable connectivity
      - Instantaneous end-end dialog
      - Onboard a spacecraft; near-Earth; on and around another planet
  - 3. Standardized onboard networking







❖ The <u>current CFDP</u> ("Build 1") provides non-routed, non-custodial delivery through a single hop.



transfer techniques

file handling mechanisms

point-to-point reliability mechanisms

 underlying space link unit data transfer services

